

- Member race and ethnicity is sourced from the California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CalHEERS).
- Health Evidence Initiative (HEI) data excludes Covered California for Small Business (CCSB), includes only Qualified Health Plan (QHP) submitted claims.
- Measure results from HEI data may differ slightly from measure results from Quality Rating System (QRS) data because they include allowable adjustments resulting in small changes to measure specifications.
- Total rates are not displayed for measures stratified by race and ethnicity due to small discrepancies compared to publicly reported HEDIS and QRS measure rates, resulting from HEI data characteristics outlined above.
- All HEI-sourced rates are subject to a quality assurance process including assessing year-over-year results, comparison to QRS publicly reported results where applicable and other industry norms.
- Rates with fewer than 11 cases in the numerator have been suppressed to comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Privacy Rule's de-identification standard.
- Rates with fewer than 30 cases in the denominator have been suppressed because such small rates can be unreliable.

# EQUITY & DISPARITIES REDUCTION

## HEALTHCARE EVIDENCE INITIATIVE (HEI) MEASURE RESULTS

# Performance Metrics

## HEALTH CARE EVIDENCE INITIATIVE (HEI)

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	PAGE	PERFORMANCE MEASURE	PAGE
Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits	6	Comprehensive Diabetes Care: Diabetes Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) Testing	48
Breast Cancer Screening	20	Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class	62
Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits	34	Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists	76
		Proportion of Days Covered: Statins	90

# Race and Ethnicity Stratification Background

- Covered California’s membership reflects the state’s racial and ethnic diversity: among enrollees who provide demographic information, two-thirds are people of color.
- Since its inception, addressing health equity and disparities in healthcare has been integral to the mission of Covered California and central to the organization’s marketing, benefit design and health plan accountability efforts.
- Covered California has several contractual requirements directly related to health equity and disparities reduction:
  - Covered California requires health plans to achieve an 80% self-reported response rate for race/ethnicity tied to a performance guarantee; beginning in 2023 health plans must also meet self-reported language data collection requirements.
  - This report includes several stratified administrative measures by race and ethnicity. In addition, Covered California is looking at hybrid measures using issuer-submitted patient level data, and in the future our Quality Transformation Initiative – which uses a small number of critical clinical measures for health plans accountability – will be stratified by race/ethnicity, language, and income.
  - Disparities reduction interventions are required of all health plans and are tied to performance guarantees.
  - NCQA Health Equity Accreditation (previously Multicultural Health Care Distinction) must be obtained by 2023.

*Covered California recognizes that aggregation of individuals in broad sub-population categories obscures the health disparities experienced by diverse groups, making it difficult to understand disparities across the group and identify responsive policy or program solutions. While Covered California’s demographic data policies are consistent with federal standards, we are committed to pursuing analyses with disaggregated sub-population data in the future.*

# Race and Ethnicity Stratification Mapping

Covered California Race and Ethnicity Categories	Office of Management and Budget	Enrollee Selection [CalHEERS]	Covered California Plan Performance Report Cohort
Responses for ethnicity	Hispanic or Latino	Hispanic or Latino Indicator – Yes	Hispanic or Latino
		Cuban Guatemalan Mexican/Mexican American/Chicano Other Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish Origin Puerto Rican Salvadoran	
Responses for race	American Indian or Alaska Native	American Indian or Alaska Native	American Indian or Alaska Native
	Asian	Asian Indian Cambodian Chinese Filipino Hmong Japanese Korean Laotian Other Asian Vietnamese	Asian American
	Black or African American	Black or African American	Black or African American
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI)	Native Hawaiian Samoan Guamanian or Chamorro Other Pacific Islander	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI)
	White	White	White
	Other	Other	Other
Multiple responses for race		Multiple (more than one race selected)	Multi-Racial
No response for race [or ethnicity]		Null (no response)	Non-Respondent

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000

Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	316	259	357	300
Asian American	100	105	129	81
Black or African American	376	307	353	249
Hispanic or Latino	167	159	170	173
Multi-racial	175	206	179	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	207	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	173	167	193	159
Other	182	155	170	162
White	190	178	203	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	497	262	337	300
Asian American	90	86	85	81
Black or African American	343	264	336	249
Hispanic or Latino	226	187	217	173
Multi-racial	170	150	159	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	352	608	251	267
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>202</i>	<i>164</i>	<i>188</i>	159
Other	229	156	195	162
White	227	173	196	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000

Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	449	312	383	300
Asian American	100	87	108	81
Black or African American	291	243	323	249
Hispanic or Latino	218	192	215	173
Multi-racial	199	169	192	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	233	93	186	267
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>209</i>	<i>168</i>	<i>197</i>	159
Other	208	177	201	162
White	203	164	189	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	300
Asian American	55	47	53	81
Black or African American	223	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	249
Hispanic or Latino	107	92	117	173
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	99	61	66	159
Other	101	55	72	162
White	103	67	88	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	300
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	249
Hispanic or Latino	123	138	135	173
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	242	59	158	159
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	162
White	121	93	159	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	494	236	216	300
Asian American	70	55	52	81
Black or African American	222	167	163	249
Hispanic or Latino	178	140	141	173
Multi-racial	132	119	112	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	122	194	Too Few Members	267
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>152</i>	<i>127</i>	<i>128</i>	159
Other	142	122	115	162
White	165	141	135	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	87	300
Asian American	51	43	49	81
Black or African American	247	155	242	249
Hispanic or Latino	148	115	120	173
Multi-racial	109	101	90	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	121	106	124	159
Other	136	117	122	162
White	139	109	131	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	359	299	261	300
Asian American	112	91	107	81
Black or African American	282	246	285	249
Hispanic or Latino	193	174	201	173
Multi-racial	168	141	165	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	262	214	223	267
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>180</i>	<i>158</i>	<i>187</i>	159
Other	195	157	184	162
White	167	144	168	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	371	Too Few Members	275	300
Asian American	80	64	64	81
Black or African American	270	200	232	249
Hispanic or Latino	187	160	163	173
Multi-racial	160	176	157	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	406	267
Non-Respondent	156	138	148	159
Other	199	146	157	162
White	182	146	151	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	452	520	300
Asian American	65	62	84	81
Black or African American	190	207	206	249
Hispanic or Latino	121	137	138	173
Multi-racial	93	128	128	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	130	133	160	159
Other	142	145	173	162
White	138	142	164	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	233	180	193	300
Asian American	37	38	46	81
Black or African American	145	121	155	249
Hispanic or Latino	99	110	136	173
Multi-racial	48	95	133	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	102	102	122	159
Other	124	96	121	162
White	92	85	110	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better



# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	300
Asian American	76	63	86	81
Black or African American	168	181	160	249
Hispanic or Latino	144	144	188	173
Multi-racial	87	167	144	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	141	132	177	159
Other	160	146	206	162
White	134	138	148	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000

Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	300
Asian American	91	78	88	81
Black or African American	298	258	194	249
Hispanic or Latino	251	213	241	173
Multi-racial	186	162	124	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	534	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	161	126	161	159
Other	170	149	179	162
White	231	175	196	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Ambulatory Emergency Room Visits Per 1,000



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	692	389	372	300
Asian American	170	102	97	81
Black or African American	331	190	340	249
Hispanic or Latino	223	179	239	173
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	108	141
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	267
Non-Respondent	154	157	216	159
Other	256	187	212	162
White	201	165	199	160

- Definition: This utilization measure reflects the number of emergency room (ER) facility visits that did not result in an admission for members 18 years and older per 1,000 member years (Number of ER visits / (Member Months / 12) \* 1000)
- ER visits are a high-intensity service and a cost burden on the health care system, as well as on patients
- A high rate of ER utilization may indicate poor care management or inadequate access to care
- Indicator: Lower is better

# Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	54%	55%	56%	63%
Asian American	50%	49%	51%	55%
Black or African American	52%	63%	67%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	62%	61%	62%	64%
Multi-racial	49%	48%	46%	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	55%	56%	55%	58%
Other	54%	57%	58%	59%
White	57%	57%	57%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	69%	64%	61%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	69%	68%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	79%	74%	67%	64%
Multi-racial	76%	69%	74%	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	70%	65%	63%	58%
Other	74%	69%	63%	59%
White	68%	65%	63%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	62%	61%	60%	63%
Asian American	63%	59%	60%	55%
Black or African American	72%	68%	70%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	72%	69%	69%	64%
Multi-racial	65%	66%	63%	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	65%	64%	64%	58%
Other	70%	66%	68%	59%
White	68%	65%	67%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	63%	58%	58%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Hispanic or Latino	71%	70%	Too Few Members	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	56%	51%	47%	58%
Other	74%	61%	56%	59%
White	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	39%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	58%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	59%
White	56%	43%	38%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	63%	60%	60%	55%
Black or African American	70%	69%	64%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	73%	71%	69%	64%
Multi-racial	62%	57%	60%	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	67%	65%	65%	58%
Other	68%	66%	66%	59%
White	64%	63%	62%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	46%	32%	33%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	46%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	57%	46%	47%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	50%	41%	46%	58%
Other	Too Few Members	47%	47%	59%
White	56%	46%	46%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	88%	76%	71%	63%
Asian American	77%	66%	66%	55%
Black or African American	78%	69%	74%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	80%	74%	74%	64%
Multi-racial	75%	69%	69%	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	79%	59%	61%	61%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	76%	67%	68%	58%
Other	77%	68%	69%	59%
White	75%	67%	69%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	55%	52%	47%	55%
Black or African American	66%	59%	53%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	71%	62%	58%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	57%	58%	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	67%	58%	56%	58%
Other	63%	61%	56%	59%
White	63%	49%	52%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	40%	45%	54%	55%
Black or African American	54%	61%	60%	63%
Hispanic or Latino	44%	42%	47%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	45%	45%	49%	58%
Other	55%	42%	47%	59%
White	48%	50%	54%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	44%	36%	39%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Hispanic or Latino	69%	49%	51%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	66%	51%	52%	58%
Other	68%	52%	51%	59%
White	62%	55%	57%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	78%	66%	74%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Hispanic or Latino	80%	82%	78%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	77%	74%	75%	58%
Other	82%	88%	75%	59%
White	77%	73%	75%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	71%	60%	58%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Hispanic or Latino	75%	66%	69%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	66%	61%	61%	58%
Other	57%	53%	58%	59%
White	67%	57%	55%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better



## Breast Cancer Screening (NQF #2372)



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Asian American	60%	57%	58%	55%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	63%
Hispanic or Latino	75%	70%	72%	64%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	62%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	61%
Non-Respondent	63%	63%	58%	58%
Other	74%	69%	57%	59%
White	62%	60%	60%	58%

- Definition: The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who have received at least one mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- Breast cancer is the most common cancer among American women, screening and early detection reduces the risk of dying from breast cancer and can lead to a greater range of treatment options
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	30%	35%
Asian American	36%	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	35%	36%
Multi-racial	28%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	37%	40%
Other	39%	40%
White	32%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	41%	39%
Black or African American	34%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	40%	36%
Multi-racial	44%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	43%	40%
Other	46%	40%
White	38%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	44%	35%
Asian American	54%	39%
Black or African American	53%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	50%	36%
Multi-racial	56%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	54%	40%
Other	54%	40%
White	53%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	52%	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	36%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>Too Few Members</i>	40%
Other	Too Few Members	40%
White	Too Few Members	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	Too Few Members	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	36%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	<i>Too Few Members</i>	40%
Other	Too Few Members	40%
White	Too Few Members	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	35%	39%
Black or African American	38%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	29%	36%
Multi-racial	48%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	36%	40%
Other	36%	40%
White	36%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	33%	39%
Black or African American	22%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	26%	36%
Multi-racial	41%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	28%	40%
Other	30%	40%
White	30%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better



# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	32%	35%
Asian American	37%	39%
Black or African American	40%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	38%	36%
Multi-racial	44%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	40%	40%
Other	38%	40%
White	37%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	24%	39%
Black or African American	35%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	27%	36%
Multi-racial	23%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	33%	40%
Other	29%	40%
White	29%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	37%	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	30%	36%
Multi-racial	48%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	35%	40%
Other	42%	40%
White	31%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	35%	39%
Black or African American	35%	37%
Hispanic or Latino	35%	36%
Multi-racial	56%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	44%	40%
Other	42%	40%
White	42%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	54%	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	54%	36%
Multi-racial	59%	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	52%	40%
Other	48%	40%
White	52%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	30%	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	23%	36%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	34%	40%
Other	34%	40%
White	31%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Child and Adolescent Well-Care Visits



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance	Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	35%
Asian American	Too Few Members	39%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	37%
Hispanic or Latino	40%	36%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	45%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	45%	40%
Other	41%	40%
White	46%	38%

- Definition: Assesses children 3–21 years of age who received one or more well-care visit with a primary care practitioner or an OB/GYN practitioner during the measurement year
- Well-care visits provide an opportunity for providers to influence health and development and they are a critical opportunity for screening and counseling
- Indicator: higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	85%	Too Few Members	86%	88%
Asian American	85%	82%	86%	85%
Black or African American	69%	83%	87%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	89%	86%	87%	85%
Multi-racial	85%	82%	88%	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	83%	81%	84%	83%
Other	86%	81%	84%	84%
White	82%	80%	85%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	91%	85%	87%	85%
Black or African American	83%	78%	85%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	91%	84%	87%	85%
Multi-racial	85%	91%	90%	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	87%	81%	83%	83%
Other	87%	81%	82%	84%
White	87%	78%	80%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	84%	82%	82%	88%
Asian American	88%	83%	87%	85%
Black or African American	88%	82%	86%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	90%	85%	88%	85%
Multi-racial	91%	78%	85%	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	87%	83%	86%	83%
Other	87%	83%	87%	84%
White	86%	82%	84%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	81%	82%	87%	85%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	83%
Hispanic or Latino	56%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	75%	76%	Too Few Members	83%
Other	61%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	84%
White	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	85%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	83%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	83%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	84%
White	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	82%	79%	83%	85%
Black or African American	79%	72%	85%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	79%	77%	80%	85%
Multi-racial	72%	78%	85%	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	78%	75%	79%	83%
Other	74%	78%	76%	84%
White	75%	74%	78%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	77%	75%	76%	85%
Black or African American	63%	61%	73%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	75%	71%	76%	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	75%	75%	78%	83%
Other	74%	78%	77%	84%
White	74%	68%	70%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)

Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	94%	81%	97%	88%
Asian American	96%	86%	94%	85%
Black or African American	94%	86%	92%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	94%	88%	94%	85%
Multi-racial	94%	88%	90%	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	92%	93%	94%	94%
<i>Non-Respondent</i>	94%	87%	92%	83%
Other	95%	86%	92%	84%
White	93%	85%	92%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	88%	77%	75%	85%
Black or African American	86%	77%	74%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	88%	78%	76%	85%
Multi-racial	90%	78%	78%	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	86%	74%	75%	83%
Other	84%	81%	77%	84%
White	82%	76%	72%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	83%	76%	86%	85%
Black or African American	86%	81%	85%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	82%	76%	82%	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	82%	76%	80%	83%
Other	86%	74%	85%	84%
White	79%	73%	81%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	77%	78%	86%	85%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%	83%
Hispanic or Latino	83%	81%	85%	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	87%	81%	86%	83%
Other	85%	84%	82%	84%
White	85%	80%	84%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	99%	89%	92%	85%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	83%
Hispanic or Latino	96%	88%	92%	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	94%	91%	92%	83%
Other	91%	85%	93%	84%
White	93%	85%	90%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)

Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	86%	82%	87%	85%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	83%
Hispanic or Latino	84%	77%	83%	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	87%	80%	82%	83%
Other	85%	79%	86%	84%
White	81%	86%	81%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Comprehensive Diabetes Care: HbA1c Testing (NQF #0057)



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	88%
Asian American	84%	84%	84%	85%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	83%
Hispanic or Latino	84%	79%	88%	85%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	86%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	94%
Non-Respondent	88%	81%	85%	83%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	84%
White	84%	79%	79%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) testing
- Blood tests to measure HbA1c levels are used in diagnosing and monitoring type 1 and type 2 diabetes, this test reflects the average blood sugar level for the past two to three months
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	58%	66%	64%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	67%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	58%	65%	63%	73%
Multi-racial	67%	79%	80%	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	66%	70%	73%	75%
Other	67%	75%	77%	78%
White	73%	74%	75%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	58%	79%	76%	79%
Asian American	68%	75%	79%	78%
Black or African American	62%	74%	77%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	62%	73%	76%	73%
Multi-racial	65%	73%	77%	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	67%	75%	78%	75%
Other	66%	73%	76%	78%
White	69%	75%	80%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	70%	76%	79%	78%
Black or African American	55%	74%	80%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	64%	74%	79%	73%
Multi-racial	60%	80%	84%	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	65%	74%	78%	75%
Other	61%	65%	81%	78%
White	69%	77%	81%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	75%	83%	81%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	68%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Other	84%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
White	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
White	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	72%	76%	77%	78%
Black or African American	70%	78%	72%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	67%	73%	72%	73%
Multi-racial	72%	84%	76%	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	69%	73%	74%	75%
Other	76%	75%	74%	78%
White	74%	77%	79%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	65%	75%	71%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Hispanic or Latino	60%	66%	64%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	62%	67%	68%	75%
Other	64%	71%	77%	78%
White	73%	71%	74%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	67%	63%	83%	79%
Asian American	78%	79%	83%	78%
Black or African American	72%	69%	75%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	73%	75%	77%	73%
Multi-racial	78%	80%	80%	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	76%	78%	75%	75%
Non-Respondent	75%	80%	79%	75%
Other	74%	80%	79%	78%
White	79%	82%	83%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	74%	80%	81%	78%
Black or African American	62%	80%	79%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	70%	75%	78%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	72%	86%	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	70%	76%	74%	75%
Other	72%	81%	78%	78%
White	75%	81%	81%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	72%	81%	72%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	76%	67%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	63%	76%	69%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	65%	72%	74%	75%
Other	73%	76%	81%	78%
White	79%	77%	74%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	79%	84%	74%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%	75%
Hispanic or Latino	66%	76%	77%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	70%	74%	78%	75%
Other	Too Few Members	78%	69%	78%
White	71%	72%	79%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	75%	88%	86%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Hispanic or Latino	72%	79%	76%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	71%	78%	77%	75%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	84%	78%
White	77%	81%	82%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	70%	82%	82%	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Hispanic or Latino	61%	75%	71%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	74%	78%	74%	75%
Other	66%	72%	83%	78%
White	76%	76%	78%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Diabetes All Class



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	79%
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Hispanic or Latino	60%	68%	71%	73%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	78%	75%	75%	75%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
White	72%	76%	73%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for all classes of diabetes medications
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Diabetes medications are used to lower blood sugar and decrease complications such as heart disease, kidney disease, and visual loss
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	71%	65%	74%	78%
Asian American	58%	67%	67%	77%
Black or African American	67%	71%	70%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	57%	65%	67%	75%
Multi-racial	60%	77%	78%	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	63%	70%	74%	78%
Other	65%	72%	70%	76%
White	70%	76%	77%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	67%	75%	75%	77%
Black or African American	63%	78%	77%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	64%	76%	77%	75%
Multi-racial	64%	88%	78%	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	69%	79%	78%	78%
Other	67%	75%	76%	76%
White	71%	80%	83%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	65%	74%	77%	78%
Asian American	66%	75%	77%	77%
Black or African American	65%	77%	76%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	64%	75%	77%	75%
Multi-racial	69%	75%	77%	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	70%	77%	80%	78%
Other	68%	75%	78%	76%
White	74%	80%	82%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	77%	85%	86%	77%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Hispanic or Latino	63%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	67%	84%	79%	78%
Other	90%	88%	Too Few Members	76%
White	68%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	76%
White	61%	73%	Too Few Members	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	68%	72%	75%	77%
Black or African American	68%	73%	71%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	70%	73%	73%	75%
Multi-racial	71%	78%	72%	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	70%	74%	74%	78%
Other	69%	73%	76%	76%
White	76%	78%	80%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	60%	67%	71%	77%
Black or African American	57%	67%	55%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	63%	68%	68%	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	65%	72%	75%	78%
Other	65%	65%	70%	76%
White	75%	75%	78%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	76%	76%	83%	78%
Asian American	79%	81%	82%	77%
Black or African American	74%	75%	75%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	76%	78%	79%	75%
Multi-racial	76%	82%	83%	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	75%	80%	77%	77%
Non-Respondent	79%	80%	82%	78%
Other	77%	80%	81%	76%
White	81%	83%	85%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	76%	81%	80%	77%
Black or African American	68%	76%	78%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	73%	78%	79%	75%
Multi-racial	79%	90%	75%	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	71%	79%	78%	78%
Other	77%	78%	75%	76%
White	76%	80%	81%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	72%	80%	76%	77%
Black or African American	77%	79%	77%	72%
Hispanic or Latino	65%	78%	73%	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	66%	80%	78%	78%
Other	71%	81%	79%	76%
White	77%	83%	82%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	76%	72%	79%	77%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Hispanic or Latino	70%	71%	75%	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	71%	73%	73%	78%
Other	69%	74%	67%	76%
White	79%	78%	77%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	79%	83%	78%	77%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Hispanic or Latino	72%	81%	80%	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	80%	81%	80%	78%
Other	81%	91%	85%	76%
White	79%	85%	83%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	77%	80%	82%	77%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Hispanic or Latino	67%	81%	77%	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	82%	75%	75%	78%
Other	72%	84%	80%	76%
White	79%	86%	83%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Proportion of Days Covered: RAS Antagonists



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%
Asian American	69%	82%	70%	77%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Hispanic or Latino	71%	78%	73%	75%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	77%
Non-Respondent	71%	79%	81%	78%
Other	73%	Too Few Members	76%	76%
White	75%	78%	80%	81%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for Renin Angiotensin System Antagonists (PDC-RASA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- RASAs are used to lower high blood pressure
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Anthem EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	57%	66%	72%	75%
Asian American	57%	61%	59%	72%
Black or African American	69%	65%	61%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	50%	58%	59%	68%
Multi-racial	65%	73%	70%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	62%	69%	69%	74%
Other	55%	65%	69%	73%
White	70%	75%	72%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-StA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Blue Shield HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	59%	69%	67%	72%
Black or African American	56%	69%	75%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	52%	65%	68%	68%
Multi-racial	65%	70%	76%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	59%	70%	72%	74%
Other	62%	68%	71%	73%
White	68%	76%	79%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Blue Shield PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	60%	66%	71%	75%
Asian American	60%	70%	72%	72%
Black or African American	62%	71%	74%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	55%	66%	69%	68%
Multi-racial	69%	75%	76%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	65%	73%	75%	74%
Other	63%	70%	72%	73%
White	69%	76%	77%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Chinese Community HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Member	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	69%	81%	77%	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Member	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Hispanic or Latino	57%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Member	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Member	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	71%	86%	92%	74%
Other	69%	83%	81%	73%
White	66%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Health Net EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Hispanic or Latino	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Other	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	73%
White	76%	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Health Net HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	58%	62%	66%	72%
Black or African American	69%	67%	67%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	59%	62%	62%	68%
Multi-racial	62%	71%	61%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	61%	66%	68%	74%
Other	65%	66%	64%	73%
White	73%	74%	75%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Health Net PPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	50%	59%	61%	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	56%	66%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	54%	60%	62%	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	62%	67%	68%	74%
Other	57%	63%	67%	73%
White	68%	70%	73%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-StA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better



# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Kaiser Permanente HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	79%	81%	83%	75%
Asian American	75%	79%	81%	72%
Black or African American	72%	72%	74%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	68%	73%	73%	68%
Multi-racial	77%	77%	80%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	77%	82%	75%	75%
Non-Respondent	74%	79%	79%	74%
Other	73%	78%	79%	73%
White	79%	83%	83%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-StA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



LA Care HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	69%	75%	75%	72%
Black or African American	61%	76%	72%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	65%	69%	71%	68%
Multi-racial	70%	79%	74%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	67%	72%	71%	74%
Other	70%	73%	73%	73%
White	71%	76%	77%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Molina Healthcare HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	66%	74%	74%	72%
Black or African American	59%	60%	70%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	52%	65%	66%	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	81%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	60%	71%	75%	74%
Other	60%	80%	75%	73%
White	72%	79%	74%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Oscar Health Plan EPO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	78%	80%	76%	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	70%	56%	68%
Hispanic or Latino	71%	74%	70%	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	73%	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	68%	76%	71%	74%
Other	76%	81%	72%	73%
White	77%	78%	77%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Sharp Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	68%	77%	82%	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Hispanic or Latino	74%	75%	76%	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	78%	81%	77%	74%
Other	74%	70%	75%	73%
White	77%	86%	83%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Valley Health Plan HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	71%	76%	75%	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Hispanic or Latino	63%	67%	69%	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	71%	70%	73%	74%
Other	64%	69%	74%	73%
White	73%	89%	84%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better

# Proportion of Days Covered: Statins



Western Health Advantage HMO	Plan-Specific Performance			Covered CA Aggregate
	MY2019	MY2020	MY2021	MY2021
American Indian / Alaska Native	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Asian American	48%	61%	64%	72%
Black or African American	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	68%
Hispanic or Latino	52%	63%	69%	68%
Multi-racial	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	74%
Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	Too Few Members	75%
Non-Respondent	67%	76%	76%	74%
Other	Too Few Members	73%	72%	73%
White	70%	77%	76%	78%

- Definition: The percentage of members 18 years and older who met the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) threshold of 80 percent during the measurement period for statins (PDC-STA)
- This adherence measure assesses if patients are getting their prescribed medication throughout the treatment period
- Statins are used to lower unhealthy levels of fat in the blood and to prevent strokes, heart attacks, and other harms caused by cardiovascular disease (CVD)
- The PDC threshold is the level above which the medication has a reasonable likelihood of achieving the most clinical benefit
- Indicator: Higher is better